To learn more about retrofitting your home to withstand earthquakes or floods, we encourage you to look at the following Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) publications:

- **FEMA 232** - Homebuilder’s Guide to Earthquake Resistant Design and Construction
- **FEMA 312** - Homeowner’s Guide to Retrofitting (Floods)
- **FEMA 530** - Earthquake Safety Guide for Homeowners
- **FEMA 74** - Reducing the Risk of Nonstructural Earthquake Damage

To order these or other FEMA publications, call the FEMA publications warehouse at (800) 480-2520 or visit [www.fema.gov/earthquake](http://www.fema.gov/earthquake).

Images in this brochure are provided courtesy of the Tennessee Emergency Management Agency and the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

For more information on earthquake safety and risk reduction, please visit the CUSEC website at [www.cusec.org](http://www.cusec.org) or call (800) 824-5817.

**DISCLAIMER**

The safety information contained in this brochure was compiled from many sources. The Central United States Earthquake Consortium and any of our Members are not responsible and assume no liability for any actions undertaken by any person using information contained herein, or for any injury, death, or property loss which occurs in conjunction with an earthquake. The information contained herein is not intended to replace the advice of a design or licensed construction professional.

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As you begin the rebuilding process, you should talk with your local building official, your local or state emergency management agency, and a construction professional to address the following issues:

1. Does your local municipality require special permits or have certain building code requirements for a seismic retrofit?

2. What flood-related rebuilding requirements will be placed upon you (elevating the structure, relocation, buyout, etc.)?

3. What type of seismic retrofitting is applicable for your type of structure (i.e. foundation, construction materials, etc.) and determine a budget for seismic upgrades.

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**REBUILDING**

Smarter and Stronger

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Did You Know?

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Seismic Retrofit Considerations Following a Flood

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If you live in the central U.S. where a damaging earthquake can happen at any time, you should examine the added safety benefits gained by performing an earthquake retrofit along with post-flood repairs.

A flood can disrupt your life and make you feel overcome by events. With time, this feeling will change into a sense of urgency to get back to normal. It is during this period that you should step back and look at how you can rebuild smarter and stronger.

Most homes constructed before 1990 in the central U.S. were built without seismic design considerations. This means they aren’t built to withstand earthquake shaking, which can cause structural damage or collapse. Retrofitting (strengthening) a structure to resist this shaking can be an expensive proposition because you must remove contents of the home and expose its framing system.

Unless you are undertaking a remodeling project, you will most likely not go to the effort required to do this. Removal of this material can be dirty, expensive, and time consuming. However, since this work is normally required following a flood, you may find it a perfect time to perform a seismic upgrade.

You will find this is a critical point in both time and construction considerations for flood-related repairs and seismic retrofits. To respond favorably in an earthquake, foundation, walls, and roof systems need to be tied together. This creates a “continuous load path,” and allows the building to move as a single unit rather than each system moving as individual parts. Without this, moderate to strong shaking can lead to structural damage or collapse. While complete collapse in a single-family home is rare, partial collapse is a real possibility.

Additionally, other factors may play a role in the cost and level of a seismic retrofit:

- Original design of the home (multi-story, irregular shape, etc.)
- Location of the home (underlying geology or soil conditions)
- Other unique factors (elevated structure, non-structural elements, etc.)

Homes built on a traditional “slab on grade” foundation have limited possibilities for foundation and wall system retrofits, while elevated homes that sit on cripple walls, piers, or have basement walls, have several retrofit options. Homes that require significant elevation (10 feet or more) to remove flooding risks create a retrofit situation that may require the expertise of a structural engineer. This will help ensure your design meets performance criteria for both flood and seismic risks, but also wind hazards as well. In addition, the type of home you have will help determine the type of retrofit that is appropriate and whether or not the work can be done by you or contracted to a professional.

The most cost-effective time to strengthen your home against disasters is at the time of construction. If your home wasn’t built with seismic considerations and has been damaged by a flood, we encourage you to consider rebuilding smarter and stronger by incorporating an earthquake retrofit into your post-flood rebuilding plan. Doing so is an economical retrofit alternative that secures your home against earthquake damage and enhances your family’s overall safety.